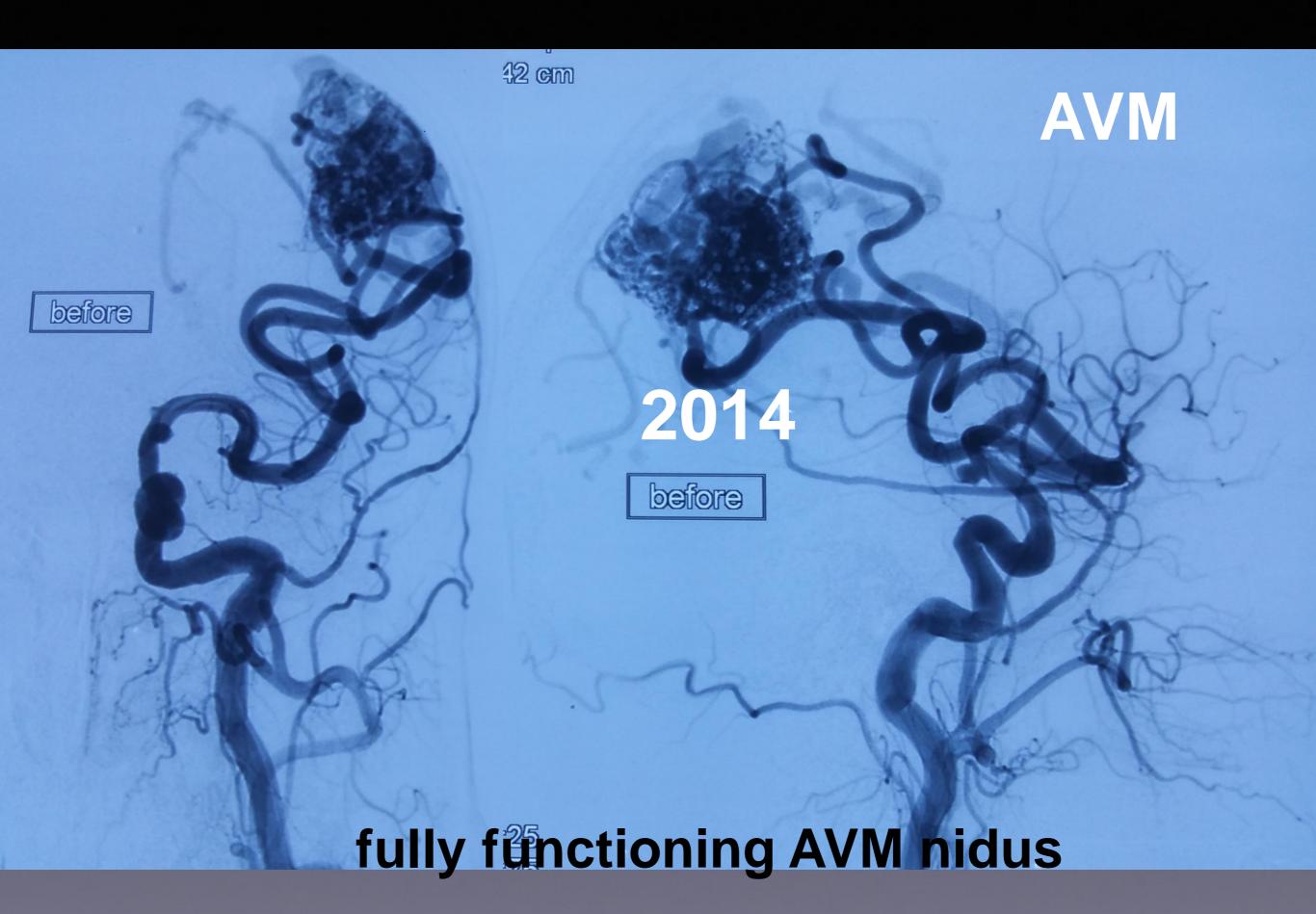


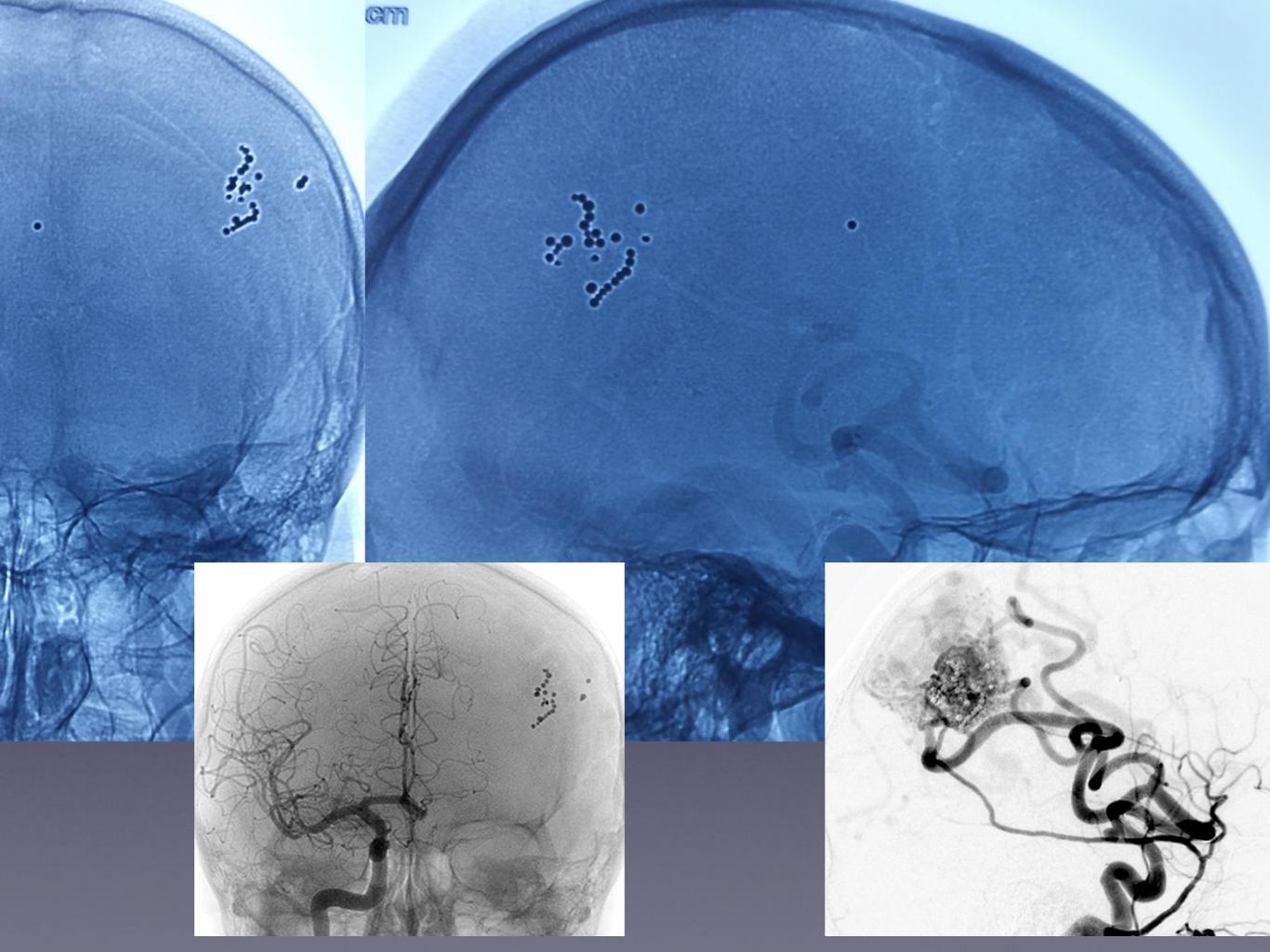


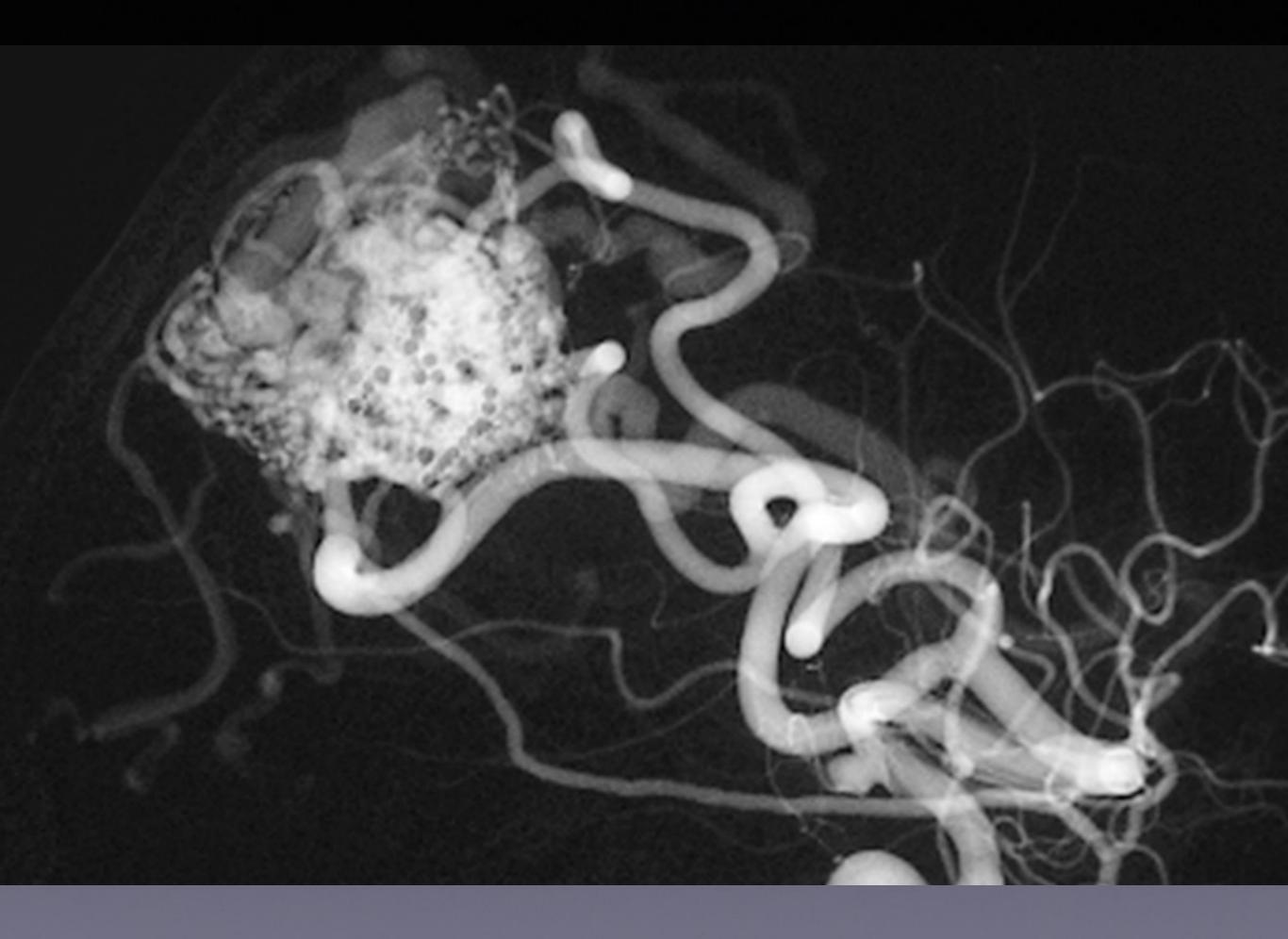
The case of three-stage embolisation of parietal AVM using ONYX after free embolus embolisation (1991) Andrey Petrov

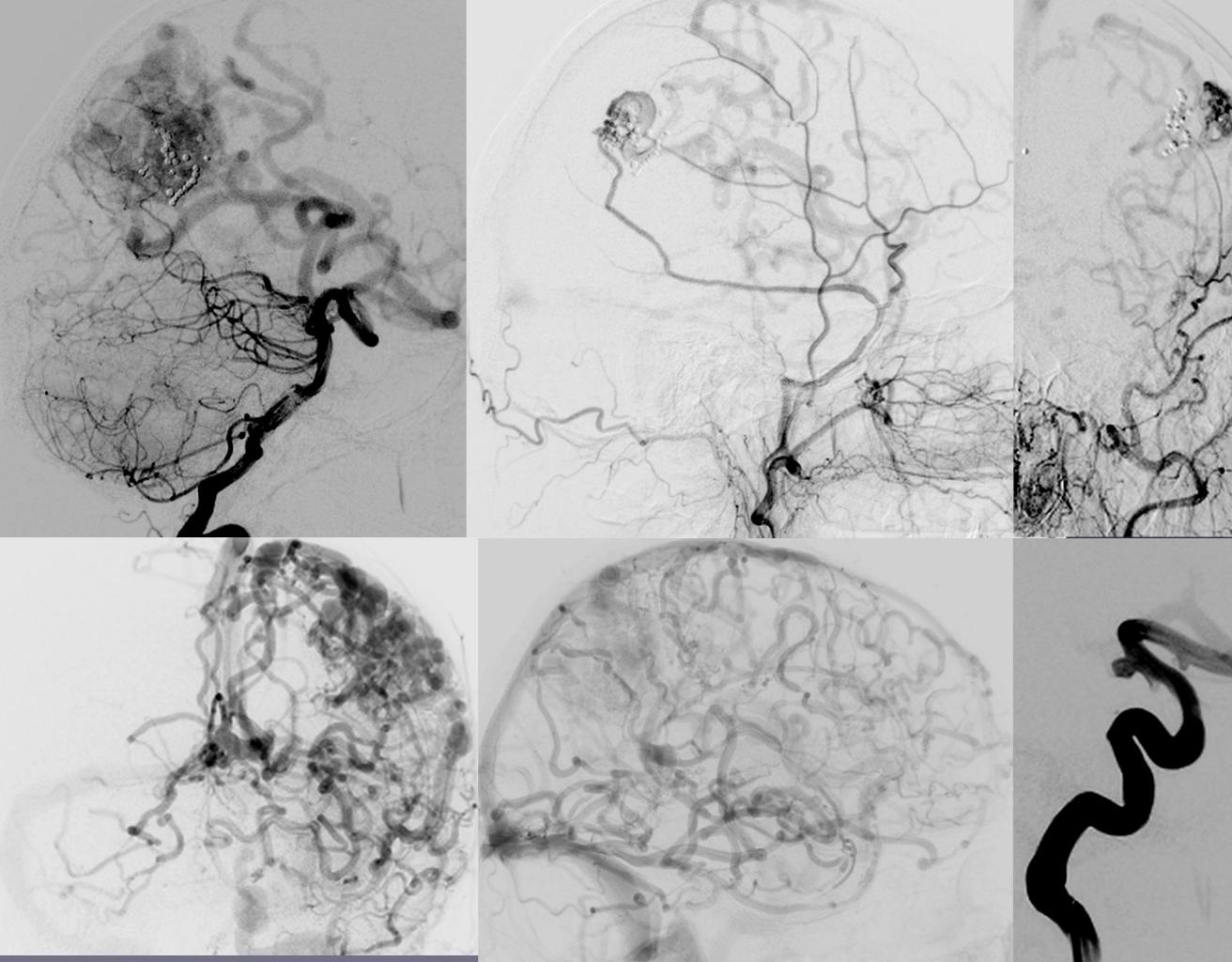
The Department of vascular neurosurgery, Russian Polenov Neurosurgical Institute of prof. A.L.Polenov branch of NWMIC of V.A.Almazov St. Petersburg 2017

65 year old female patient. Seizures type manifestation 1991 the first procedure - embolisation with free polysterol embolus. No MRI, DSA, CT control was presented. Till 2014 patient was out of medical control. In april 2014 after emotional distress seizure. MRI, DSA - fully functioning AVM



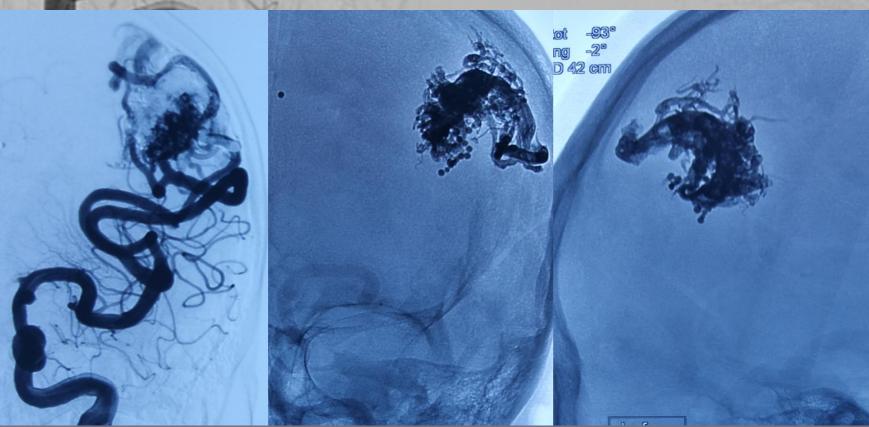


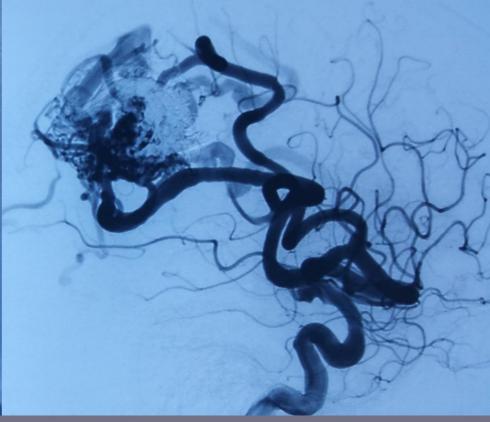


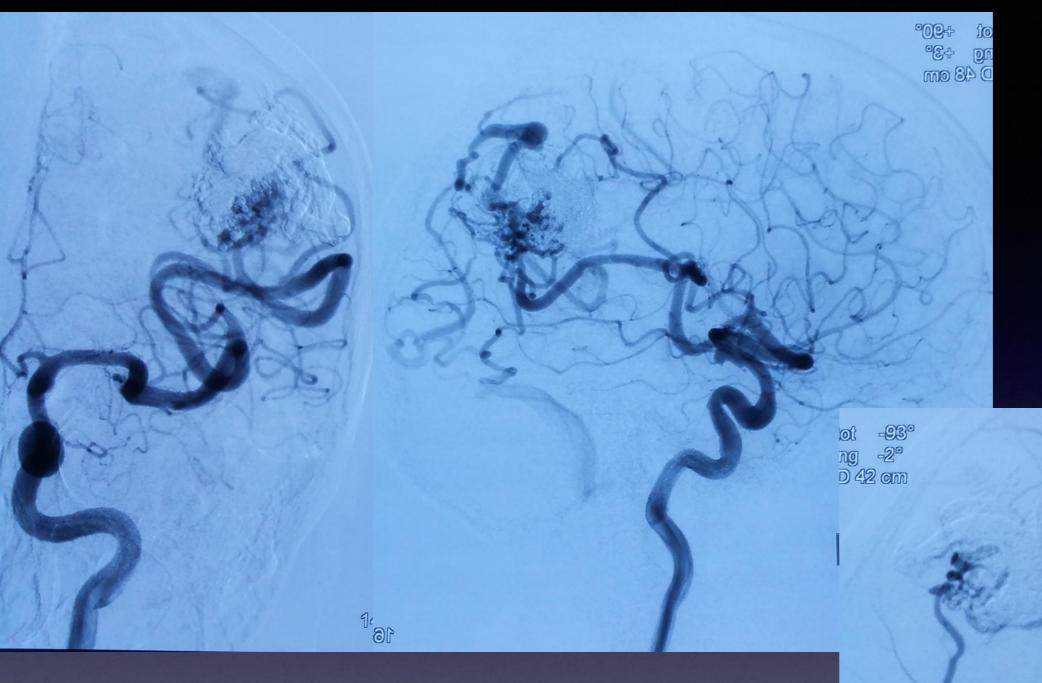




afferent from MCA





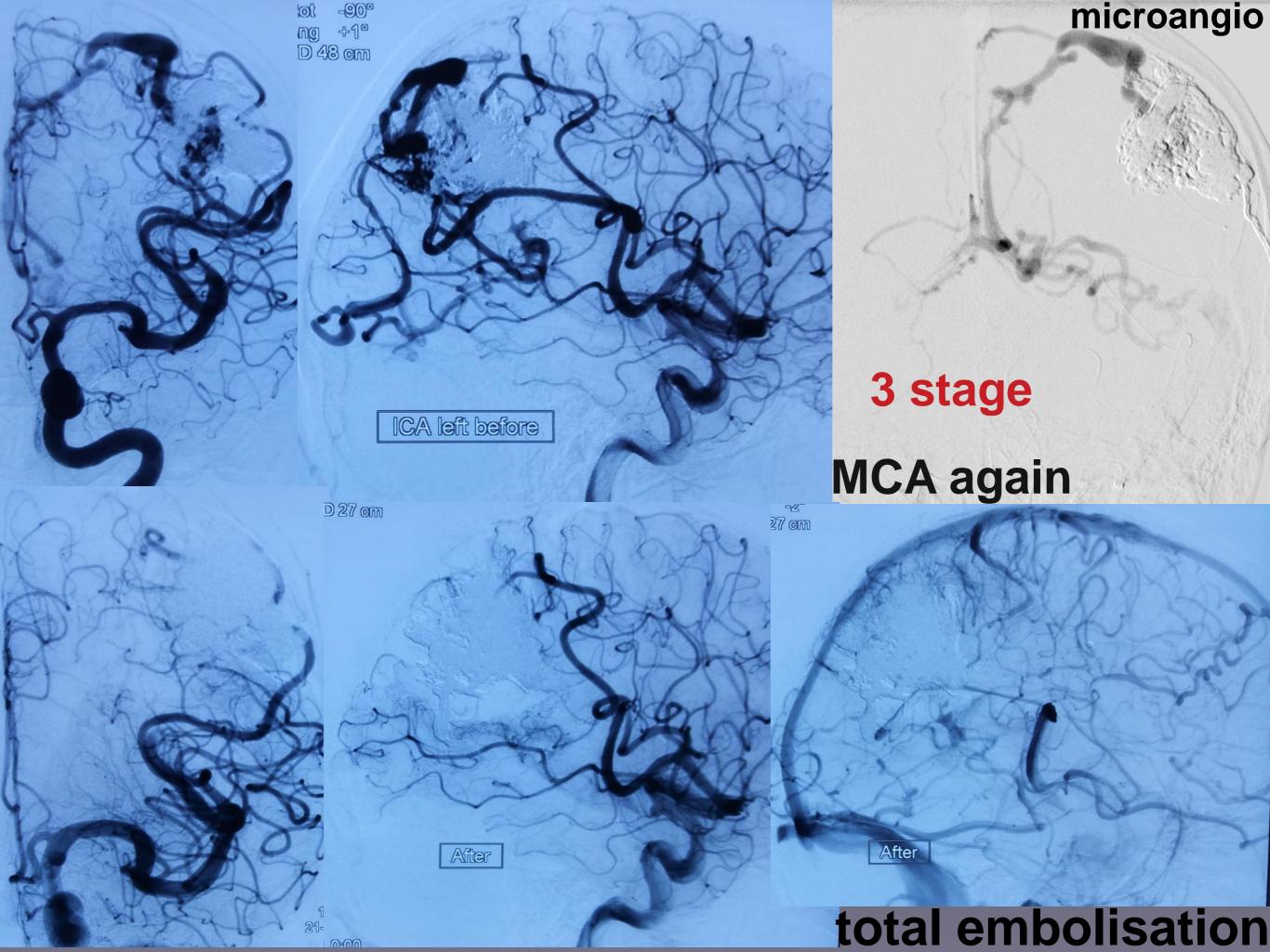


2 stage

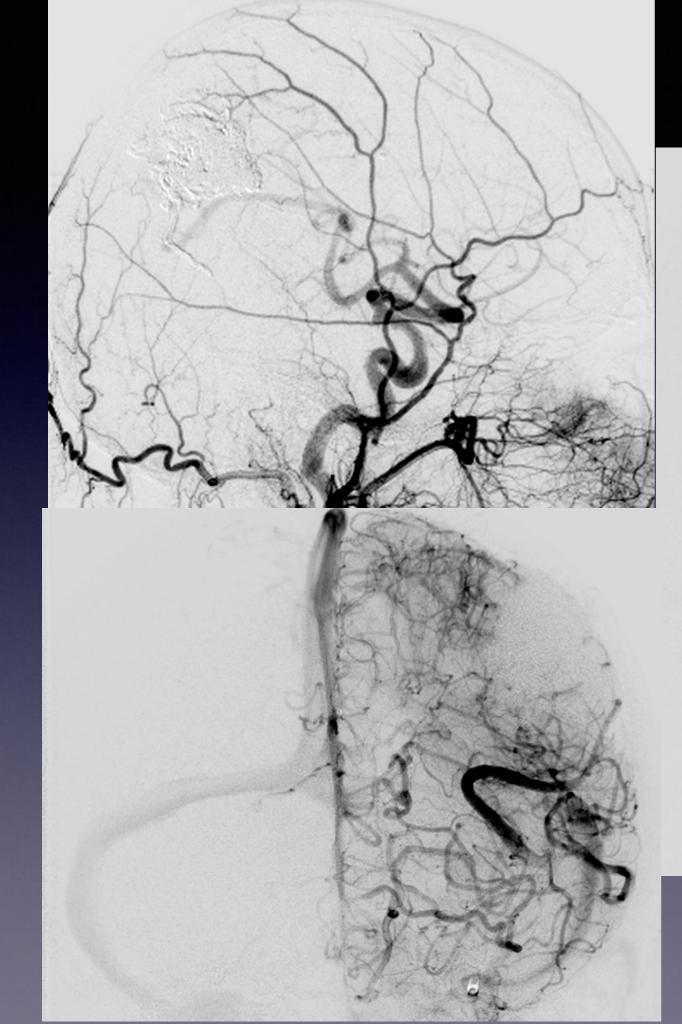
before

0:00 3:50

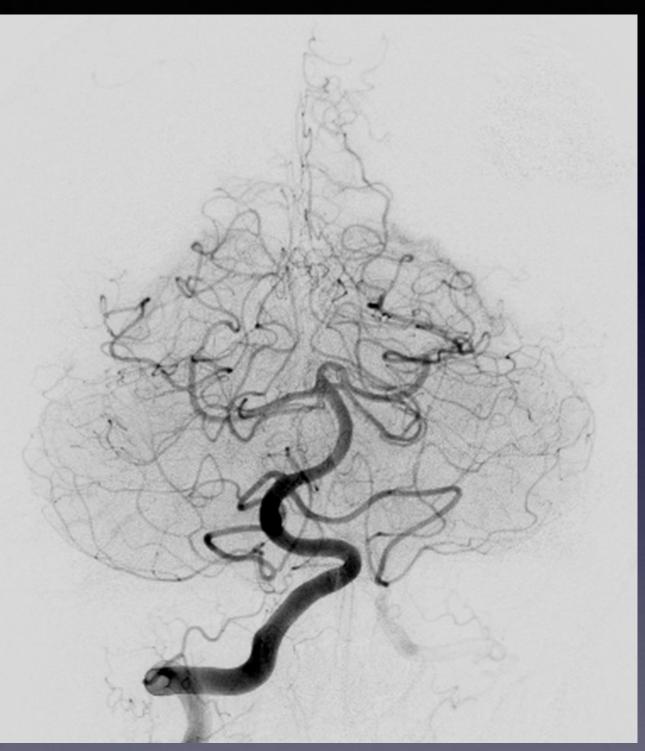
via meningeal media artery



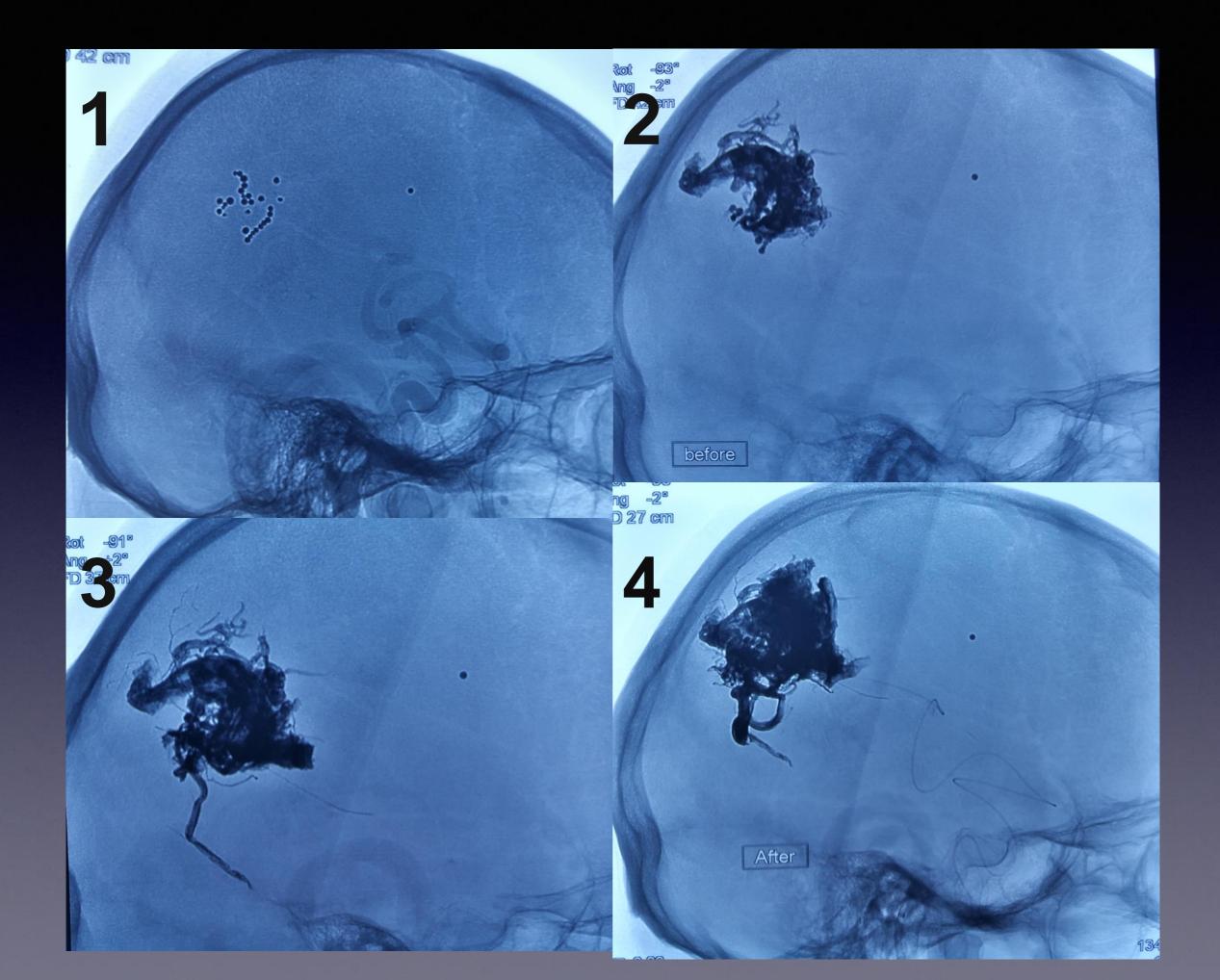
For 24 hours prolonged general anesthesia and controlled hypotension were performed. The next day after embolisation CT, DSA control - no pathology mRS - 0 after awakening



morning DSA control



no AVM



AVM embolisation with free embolus does not lead to occlusion of AVM nidus and recovery of the patient but at the same time does not prevent the free distribution of ONYX in the AVM nidus in subsequent embolisation due to the flow of non-adhesive composition around free embolus.

Thank you for your attention