Unusual ICAD Case

Osama O Zaidat, MD, MS, FSVIN, FAHA, FAAN Neuroscience and Stroke Medical Director St Vincent Mercy Hospital, Toledo, OH



Disclosures

- Co-Chair of the Endovascular Committee: StrokeNet NIH/NINDs Research Consortium
- Steering Committee: NIH/NINDs Defuse 3 Acute Ischemic Stroke RCT
- Overall International PI: ARISE II EMBOTRAP stent-retriever acute stroke study.
- Overall International PI: ATLAS Brain Aneurysm Stent Embolization Prospective Study
- Past president: Society of Vascular and Interventional Neurology (SVIN) and Endovascular Neuro Section AAN
- Consultant: Stryker, Penumbra, Medtronic, and Neuravi, ThrombxMedical
- Co-Founder: Galaxy Therapeutics LLC



Case Presentation

√ 47 yo AA, R handed woman with hx of HTN, Hrlipi, obesity, who
presented on <u>March 15, 2017</u> w:

✓ Right hand weakness

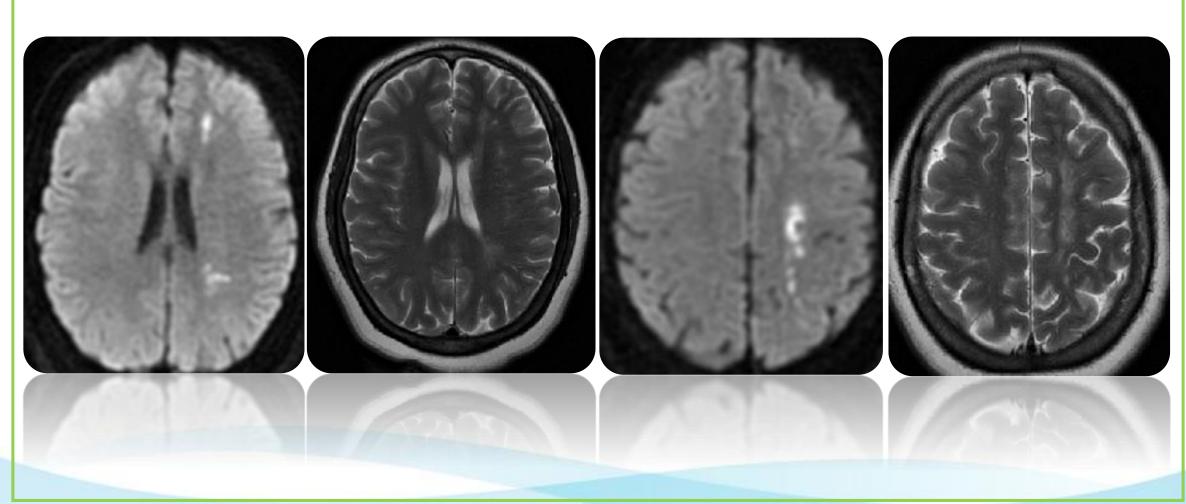
✓ No aphasia

✓ Positive cortical findings with loss of two points discrimination

√ Pseudo-radiculopathy



Work Up: MRI on March 15, 2017



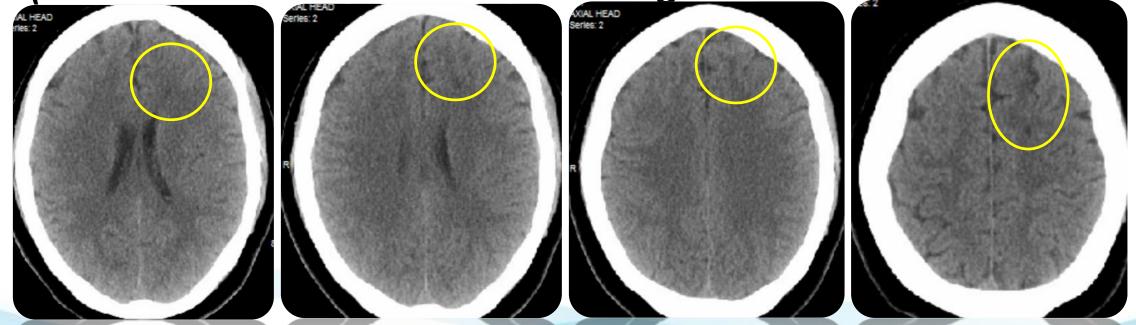
Work Up: one month prior 2/25/2017 CT head

✓ She was seen in outside ED with HTN, HA, R Hand numbness intermittent x one week and persistent since the day before

✓ Dxed with cervical radic, and treated with Dexa and OP PT

(bood CT was road as old certical right fronts) inforct)





Work Up

✓ Cardiac Echo both trans-throacic and TEE normal

✓ Tele was normal with no cardiac arrhythmia

√ Hypercoag work up is negative, homocysteine level 13.6

✓ CTA showed multiple areas of intracranial stenosis

✓ Underwent diagnostic conventional angiogram

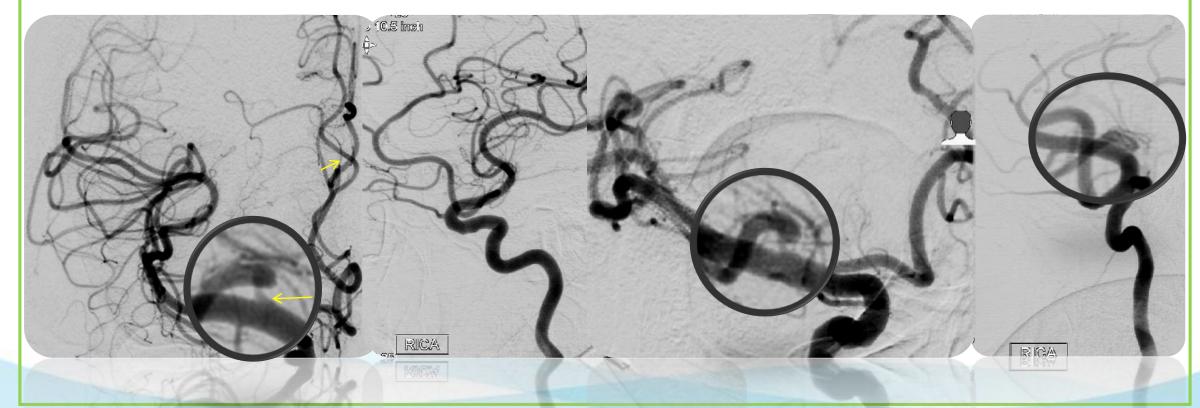


Work Up: CTA results



Work Up: DSA

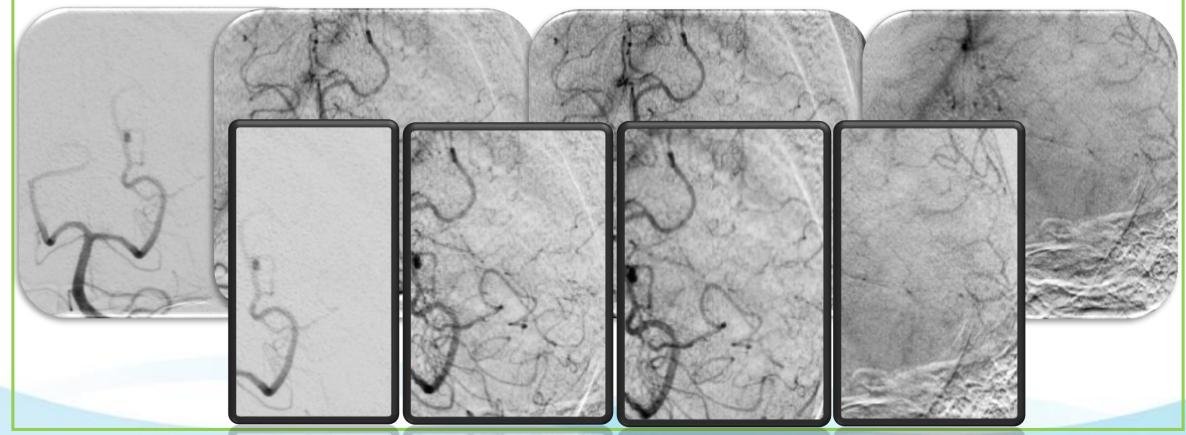
□ Right ICA Run: Note the asymptomatic areas of stenosis (R M2 Origin and mild proximal severe distal R A2, no significant





Work Up: DSA

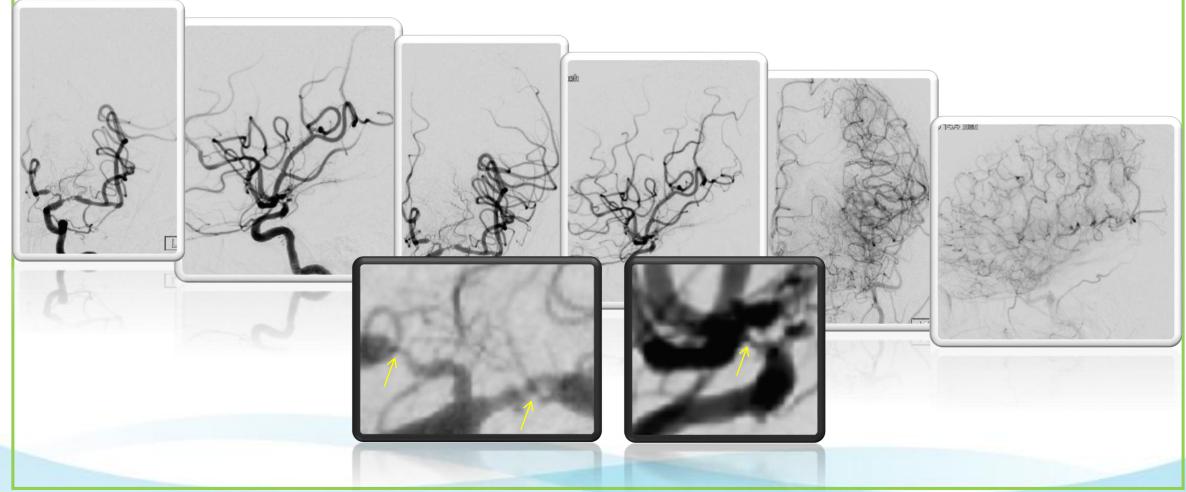
☐ Left VA Run: Notice the collateral





Work Up: DSA

□ Left symptomatic ICA Run: Hemodynamic (ACA>MCA)



Initial Treatment Approach

- ✓ Given the multiple risk factors and the additional findings, with negative work up; diagnosed as:
 - Symptomatic left ACA/MCA stenoses secondary to ICAD
- ✓ Treatment:
 - □ Optimal medical therapy:
 - □ DAP: Aspirin 325 mg daily and Clopidopgrel 75 mg daily
 - ☐ High Dose Statin 80 mg Simvastatin and folic acid daily
 - ☐ RF Modifications: LDL < 70, HbA1C < 6.5, SBP 120-140 mm Hg, Exercise
- ✓ Recovery: She made a good recovery with minimal right hand weakness

Second stroke in spite of maximal medical thx

√ 6 weeks later she returns to the ED on May 1, with worsening right hand weakness to complete wrist drop (0/5) and words finding difficulty

√ She has no use of her right hand

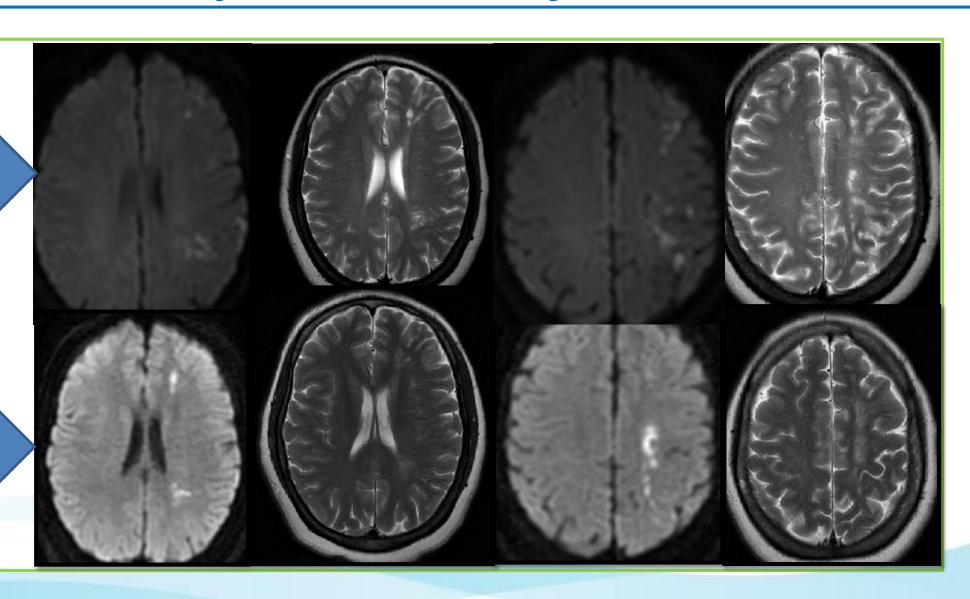
√ Right upper extremity cortical sensory findings



Work Up: MRI on May 1, 2017

Recurrent Strokes MRI May 1, 2017

First Strokes MRI March 15, 2017



Endovascular Therapy

- ✓ Refractory to medical therapy, intractable symptomatic ICAD
- **✓** FDA criteria for intracranial stenting:
 - 1. Age: 22 and 80 yrs old AND who meet ALL of the following criteria:
 - 2. 2 or more strokes despite aggressive medical management;
 - 3. whose most recent stroke occurred more than 7 days prior to ICAS
 - 4. who have 70-99% stenosis due to atherosclerosis of the intracranial artery related to the recurrent strokes; and
 - 5. who have made good recovery with mRS of 3 or less



Endovascular Technique Question and Planning

✓ Fixing Rt ACA and MCA/ or MCA only? What if ACA is jailed and already stenosed?

- ✓ Balloon Angioplasty only or both
- ✓ Intracranial bare metal stent or drug eluting stenting
- ✓ Balloon mounted versus self expanding
- ✓ DAP PFA-100 Coll/Epi > 300 (85-172) and Coll/Adp 106 (67-112)

Endovascular Technique: Tools

√ Femoral sheath 6Fx 55 cm

✓ Neuron 070, MPD pre-shaped

✓ SI-10 Microcatheter

✓ Synchro 014 preshaped standard microwire/Traxcess

✓ Transend 300 floppy tip exchange length microwire

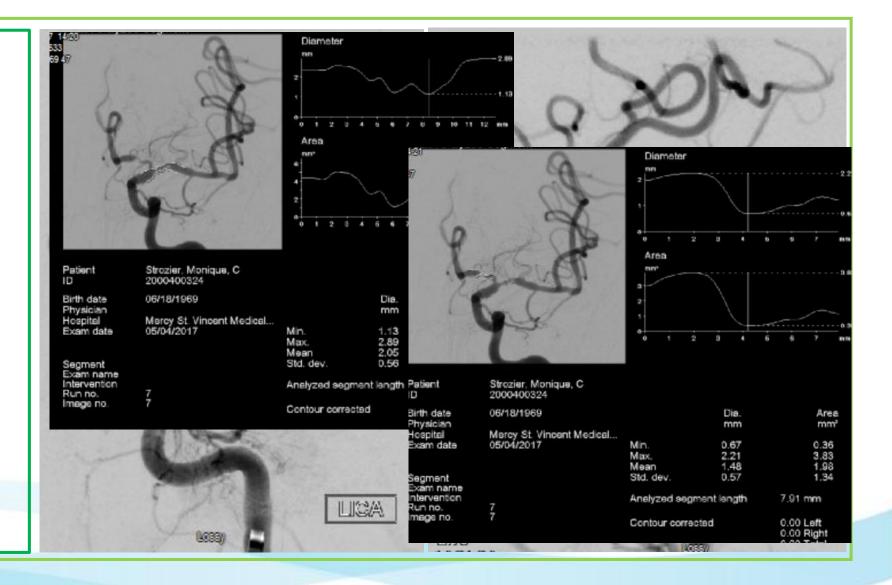


Step I: ICA Access and working projection, heparin bolus 70 u/kg

Step II:

Measurement

Step III: Devices, Gateway 2.5x9mm plasty only first attempt



Step IV: Crossing

the ACA lesion

Trial I: direct with

exchange length: No

success

Trial 2: Traxcess and

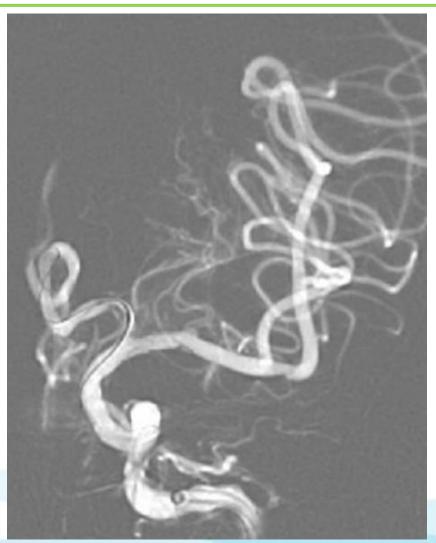
SL-10: No success

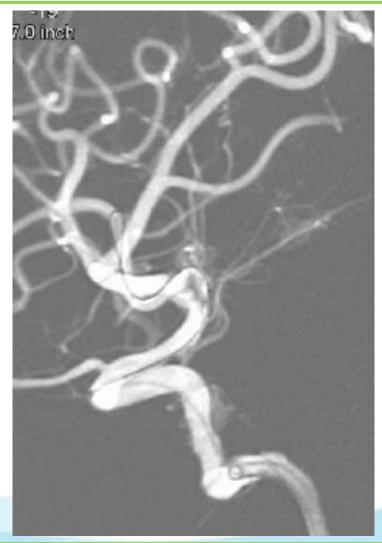
Trial 3: Synchro and

SI-10 Crossed the

lesion and

exchanged





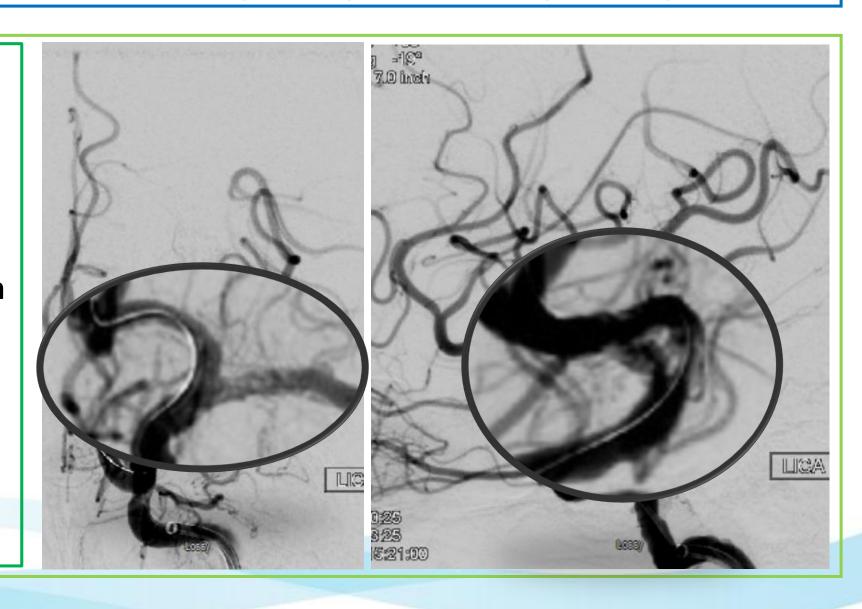
Step IV: Multiple
ACA lesion very
slow (2 min up and
2 min down)
inflations to 4 ATM
about 1.9 mm
balloon diameter



Endovascular Technique: post A1 plasty run

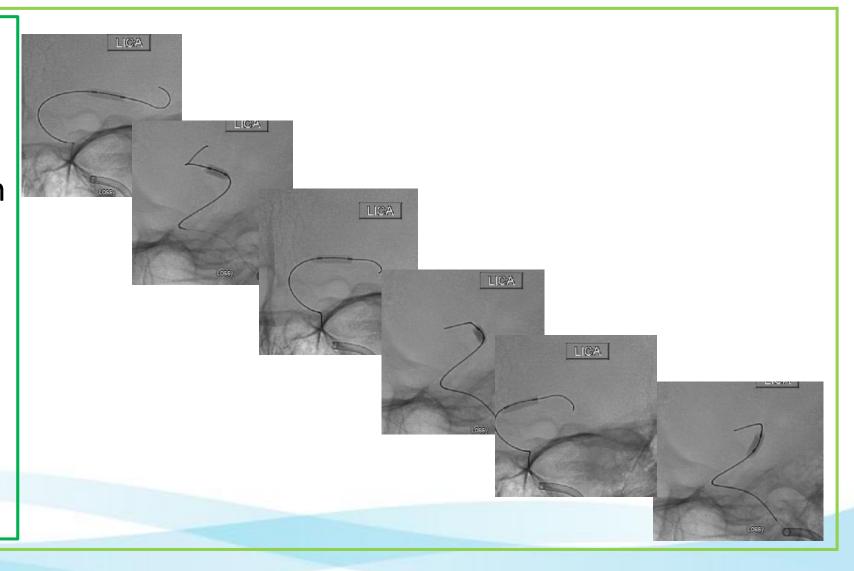
Post ACA plasty run:

- **✓** Acceptable results
- **✓** No extravasations
- **✓ No Clear dissection**
- ✓ No clot
- √The MCA is granular? Clot
- ✓ More heparin and attention to MCA



Endovascular Technique: MCA plasty

Step V: Crossing the MCA lesion with exchange length. Multiple MCA lesion very slow (2 min up and 2 min down) inflations to 5 ATM distal and 6 ATM proximal (2.5 mm x9 mm Gateway balloon)

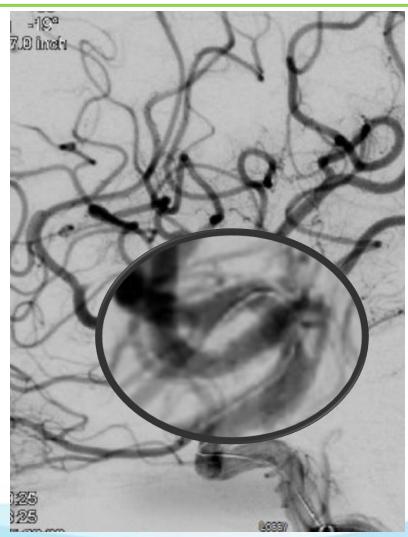


Endovascular Technique: post M1 plasty run

Post MCA plasty run:

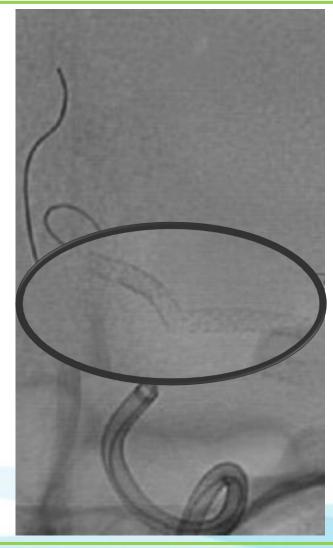
- ✓ Improved MCA stenosis
- ✓BUT; ? MCA dissection and now wither ACA filling defect or also dissection?
- ✓ More heparin and
- ? More stenting vs replasty

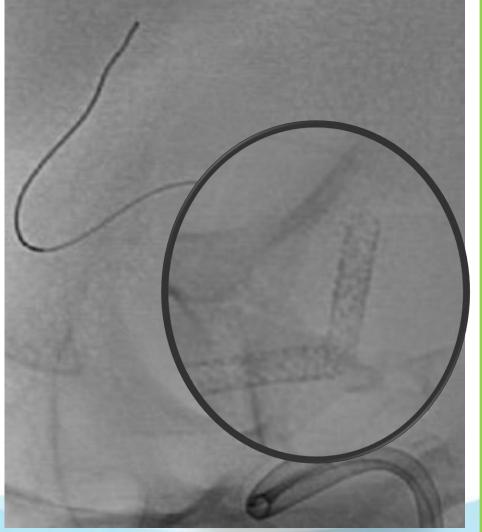




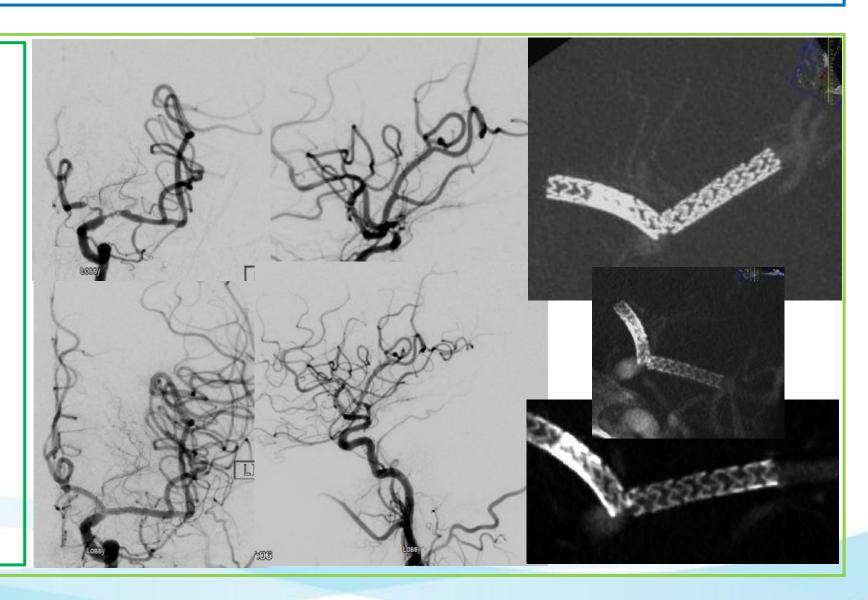
Step VI:

Decision to stent both VI.a: Xpert Head CT performed, no blood VI.b: Abciximab (Reopro) 10 mg IV bolus given and stenting performed Two telescoping stents in the A1, Xience Alpine 2.25x 8 each and 2.25 x 15 mm in MCA





Final Run with Pre and and Vaso CT



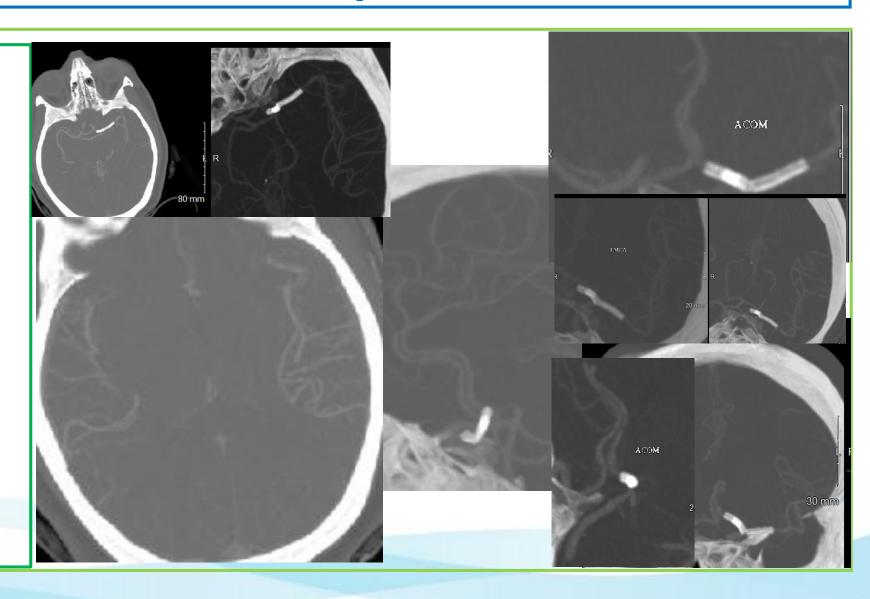
Follow up

She did very well and no complication

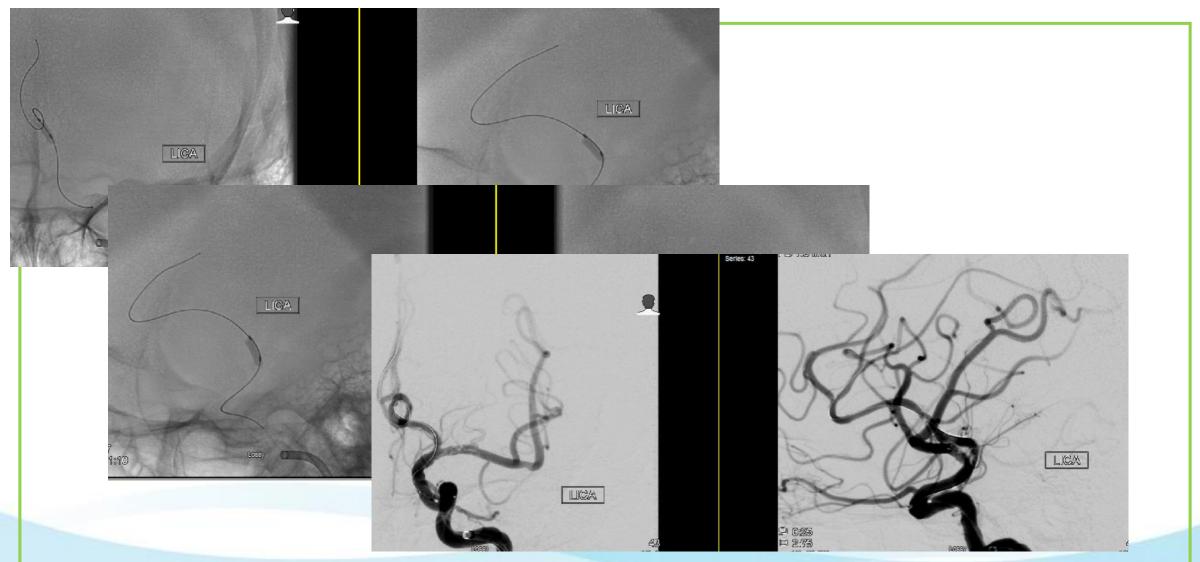
Good Clinical recovery

Plavix BID x 48 hrs

CTA before DC in two days (See images)







Endovascular Technique McKesson Radiology Station Lite

