**Is Carotid Stent Design Important ?** 

" Current Stent Design Is Inadequate & Contributes To Procedure - Related Stroke "

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TCT 2010

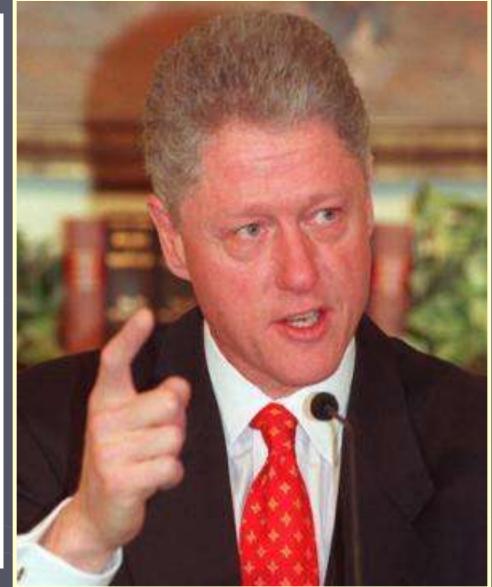
## **Conflicts:**

**Research / Educational Grants & / or consultancy:** 

Abbott Vascular AGA medical **CR** Bard eV3 Le Maitre Medtronic / Invatec Pyramed WL Gore

## LET'S EXAMINE THE DEFINITION OF THE WORDS IN THE MOTION

**LIKE YOUR** FAMOUS **EX-PRESIDENT** (ANOTHER BILL) SAID: "I **DID NOT HAVE SEXUAL RELATIONS WITH THAT WOMAN"** 



## "Procedure-Related Stroke"

#### Standardized Definitions and Clinical Endpoints in Carotid Artery and Supra-Aortic Trunk Revascularization Trials

Krassen Nedeltchev,<sup>1\*</sup> мо, Peter M. Pattynama,<sup>2</sup> мо, Giancarlo Biaminoo,<sup>3</sup> мо, PhD, Nicolas Diehm,<sup>4</sup> мо, Michael R. Jaff,<sup>5</sup> оо, L. Nelson Hopkins,<sup>6</sup> мо, Stephen Ramee,<sup>7</sup> мо, Marc van Sambeek,<sup>8</sup> мо, Aly Talen,<sup>9</sup> вм, Frank Vermassen,<sup>10</sup> мо, PhD, and Alberto Cremonesi,<sup>3</sup> мо

Complications. All major adverse events and vascular complications that occur within 30 days of the procedure are attributed to the procedure.

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# What is the most relevant population to consider ?

# Asymptomatic Patients Pooled Data ACAS & ACST

#### **Absolute Reduction in Risk of Stroke**

## 3 % over 3 years

**Need to perform 33 interventions to prevent 1 stroke** 

No statistical benefit until three years after intervention

# NASCET & ECST: Symptomatic Populations

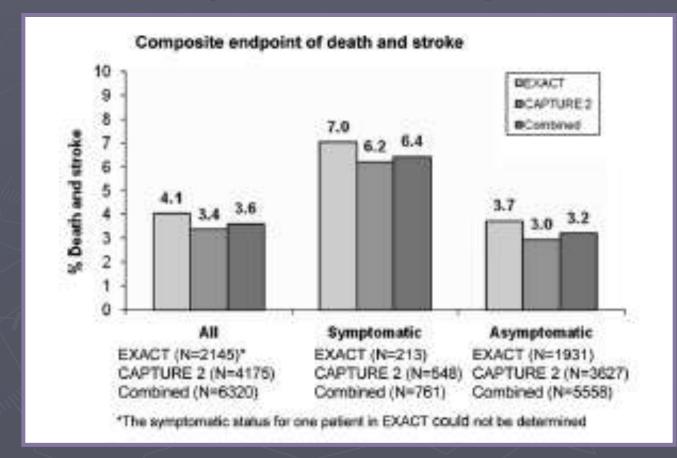
#### Long-term risk of ipsilateral stroke (includes peri-operative stroke / death)

Stenosis (%)	Surgical risk (%)	Medical risk (%)	ARR (%)	RRR (%)	NNT	Strokes prevented per 1000 CEAs
ECST						
< 30	9.8 at 5 years	3.9 at 5 years	-5.9	n/a	n/a	n/a
30-49	10.2 at 5 years	8.2 at 5 years	-2.0	n/a	n/a	n/a
50-69	15.0 at 5 years	12.1 at 5 years	-2.9	n/a	n/a	n/a
70-99	10.5 at 5 years	19.0 at 5 years	8.5	45	12	83 at 5 years
NASCET						
30-49	14.9 at 5 years	18.7 at 5 years	3.8	20	26	38 at 5 years
50-69	15.7 at 3 years	22.2 at 3 years	6.5	29	15	67 at 3 years
70-99	8.9 at 3 years	28.3 at 3 years	19.4	69	5	200 at 3 years

Table 1. Long term risk of ipsilateral stroke (including peri-operative stroke or death).

ARR = absolute risk reduction, RRR = relative risk reduction, NNT = number of CEAs to prevent one ipsilateral stroke, n/a = not applicable.

30-day Outcomes for CAS in 6320 Patients From 2 Prospective, Multicenter, High Surgical Risk Registries (EXACT & CAPTURE2)



Gray WA, Circ Cardiovasc Intervent 2009;2:159-166

Symptomatic patients have more to gain from carotid intervention & suffer higher procedural hazard. What Does The Timing Of Stroke Following CAS Tell Us About The Mechanisms of Stroke ?

# SPACE Trial; Timing Of Adverse Events

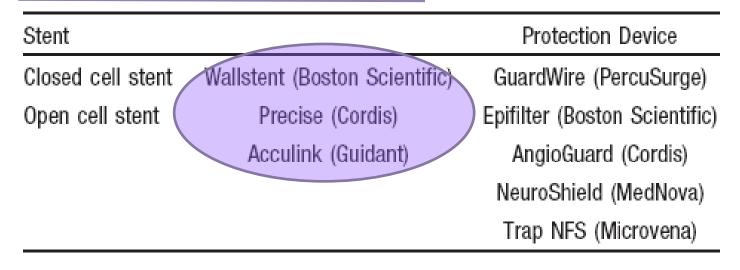
Time Point	Navigation	Periinterventional	Postinterventional	HPS
Total stent group (39/563 pat)	4/39	19/39	11/39	4/39
	10%	49%	31%	10%
Stents without protection (27/419 pat)	4/27	12/27	6/27	4/27
	15%	44%	26%	15%
Stents with protection (12/145 pat)		7/12	5/12	992
		58%	42%	

HPS indicates hyperperfusion syndrome.

*Jansen O et al. Protection or Nonprotection in Carotid Stent Angioplasty: The Influence of Interventional Techniques on Outcome Data from the SPACE Trial Stroke 2009;40:841-846* 

## **SPACE:**

Table 1. Interventional Devices (stents; protection devices)Approved for Use Within the SPACE Trial if the InterventionalistWas Certified for the Specific Device



Olav J et al. Protection or Nonprotection in Carotid Stent Angioplasty: The Influence of Interventional Techniques on Outcome Data from the SPACE Trial. Stroke 2009;40:841-846



#### Table 4. Influence of Different Stent Types on OE Rate

Stent	Wallstent	Acculink	Precise	
No. of patients	436	92	35	
Pat. with OE	24	9	5	
OE rate (95% Cl)	5.5% (3.6–8.1%)	9.8% (4.6–17.8%)	14.3% (4.8–30.3%)	
		Combined OE rate: 11.0% (6.2–17.8%)		

## **European Registry Data:**

## " Free Cell Area " & Outcome N = 3179

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#### Table 5. *P*-values for the test that event rates differ between stents

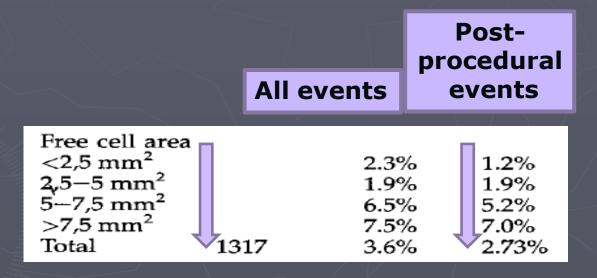
Population	Outcome	<i>p</i> -value
Total	All events	0.018
	Post-procedural events	0.002
Symptomatic	All events	0.006
	Post-procedural events	< 0.0001
Asymptomatic	All events	0.248
	Post-procedural events	0.790

" Post - procedural ": between removal of all endovascular devices & 30 days

#### Bosiers M e al. Does Free Cell Area Influence the Outcome in Carotid Artery Stenting ? EJVES 2007;33:135 - 141

# " Free Cell Area " & Outcome

#### Symptomatics: N = 1317

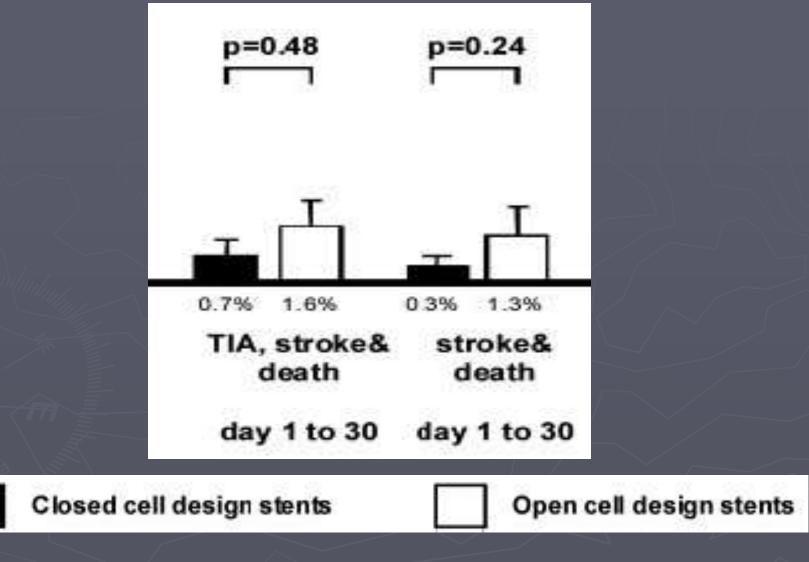


## " Free Cell Area " & Outcome

#### Asymptomatics: N = 1862

	All events	Post- procedural events
Free cell area $<2,5 \text{ mm}^2$ $2,5-5 \text{ mm}^2$ $5-7,5 \text{ mm}^2$ $>7,5 \text{ mm}^2$ Total	2.3% 2.4% 3.5% 1.6% 2.25%	1.2% 2.4% 1.7% 1.3% 1.3%

## **Does Carotid Stent Cell Design Matter ?** Symptomatics N= 674



Schillinger M et al. Stroke. 2008 Mar;39(3):905-9. Epub 2008 Jan 31.

"Operator expertise, lesion demands, chicken and egg "...

## **US Registry Data:**

30-day Outcomes for CAS in 6320 Patients From 2 Prospective, Multicenter, High Surgical Risk Registries (EXACT & CAPTURE2)

> Second, the results seem to be independent of devices used and are likely to be generic to the procedure, because the EX and C2 studies used different CAS systems (bare wire filter/closed cell stent and fixed wired filter/open cell stent, respectively).

5558 ASYMPTOMATIC

Gray WA, Circ Cardiovasc Intervent 2009;2:159-166

<u>EPIC</u>: Patients at High-Risk for CEA Prospective, Multi-center, Non Randomized Trial Evaluating the FiberNet® Embolic Protection System for Use During Carotid Artery Stenting Procedures (26 Sites)

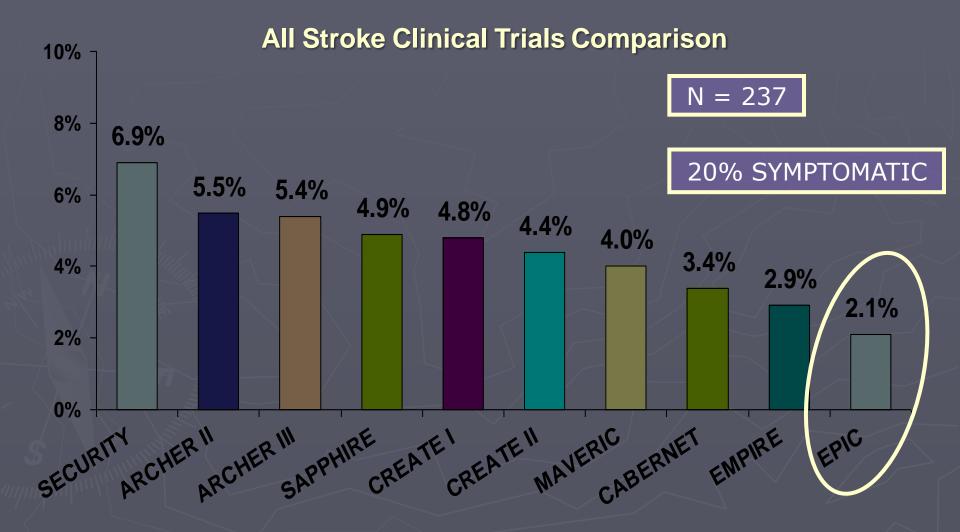
#### **ANY CAROTID STENT**

" There are no differences between open cell or closed cell stent design using FiberNet in the EPIC clinical Trial ".



Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions 75:817-822 (2010)

# 30 Day Event Rates



# ARMOUR

#### Safety and Effectiveness of the INVATEC MO.MA<sup>®</sup> Proximal Cerebral Protection Device During Carotid Artery Stenting: Results From the ARMOUR Pivotal Trial

## **ANY CAROTID STENT**

Ansel GM et al. Catheterization & Cardiovascular Interventions 2010;76:1-8

# ARMOUR

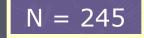
Group	30 Day stroke rate
All subjects ( $N = 225$ )	2.3% (5/220)
Symptomatic ( $N = 34$ )	0.0% (0/32)
Asymptomatic ( $N = 191$ )	2.7% (5/188)
Age $\geq 80$ octogenarians (N = 65)	3.1% (2/65)
Age $<\!\!80 \ (N = 155)$	1.9% (3/155)

Strokes: Acculink Precise Protégé XAct One pre stent deployment

# **EMPiRE:**

" Results Of Gore EMPiRE Clinical Study – Study Reports Low Major Adverse Event Rates Using The GORE Flow Reversal System "

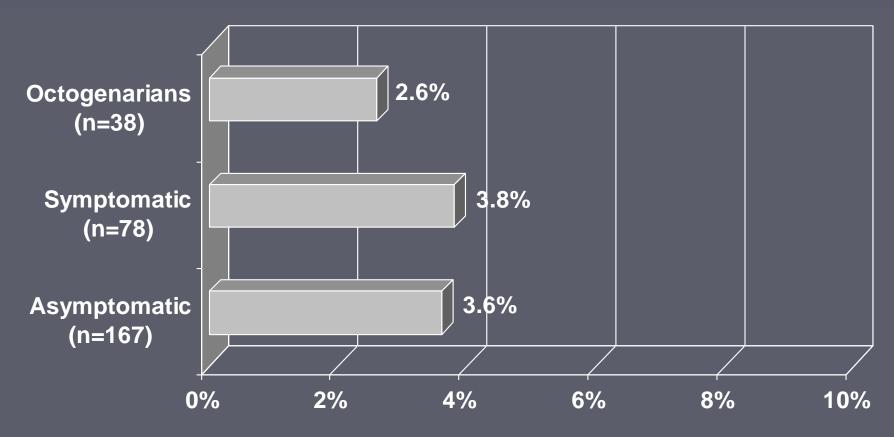
#### **ANY CAROTID STENT**



#### 32% SYMPTOMATIC

*Hopkins LN Clair D; EMPiRE Investigators. Transcatheter Cardiovascular Therapeutics 20th Annual Scientific Symposium; October 12 -17, 2008; Washington, DC.* 

# **EMPiRE:**



% of Subjects in Subgroup with MAE

## Brilliant but tempermental

Can do amazing work, but the slightest thing can set him off. Difficult to keep happy. Pain in the ass, but worth it ... until someone else comes along who can do what he does without all the "issues".

