A NIGHTMARE FOR THE INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGIST-DES STENT ANEURYSM!

DR VARUN CHAWLA MD,DM
LIFECARE INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL
SCIENCES &
RESEARCH,AHMEDABAD,INDIA

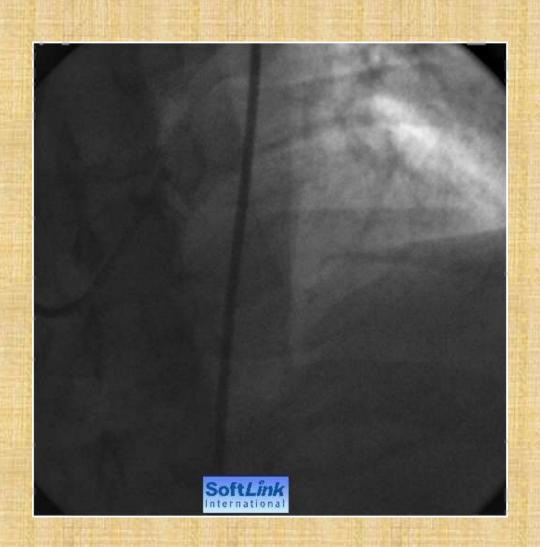
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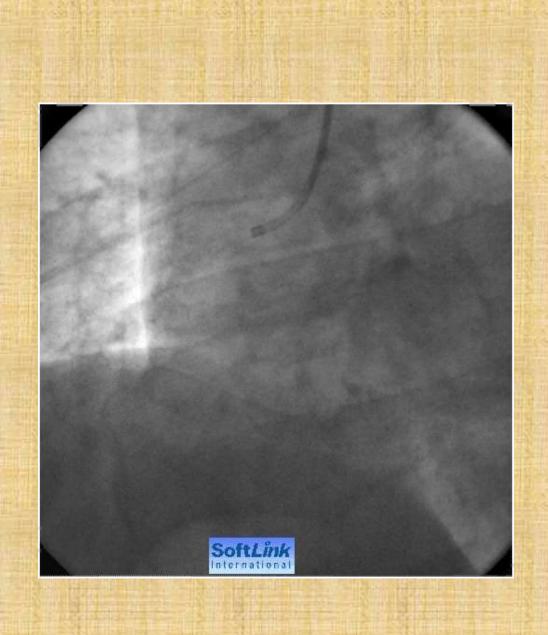
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HISTORY

- 55 year old Male , no h/o HT, DM , non smoker
- H\o allergy to NSAIDs
- Past h\o Inferior Wall STEMI presented with Unstable Angina
- · CAG TVD

CORONARY ANGIOGRAM

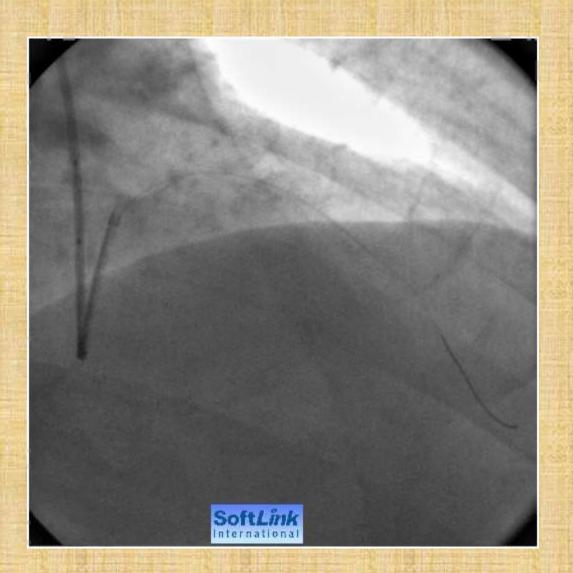




PCI

- PTCA with stenting of LAD and RCA with DES
- 3.5 x 39mm Sirolimus eluting stent implanted in LAD at 14 atm pressure (postdilated at 18 atm)
- 3.0 x 39 mm SES implanted in the RCA at 18 atm pressure.

POST PCI RESULT









- Procedure uneventful
- Patient discharged in a stable condition
- Readmitted after 20 days post PCI with h/o fever, dyspnea and dry cough for 5 days.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

 Temp. -100 F Pulse- 130/ minute irregularly irregular pulse B P-120/80 mm Hg Edema feet ; JVP-increased CVS-Tachycardia, S1, S2- Normal, no additional Heart sounds or murmur. RS-clear

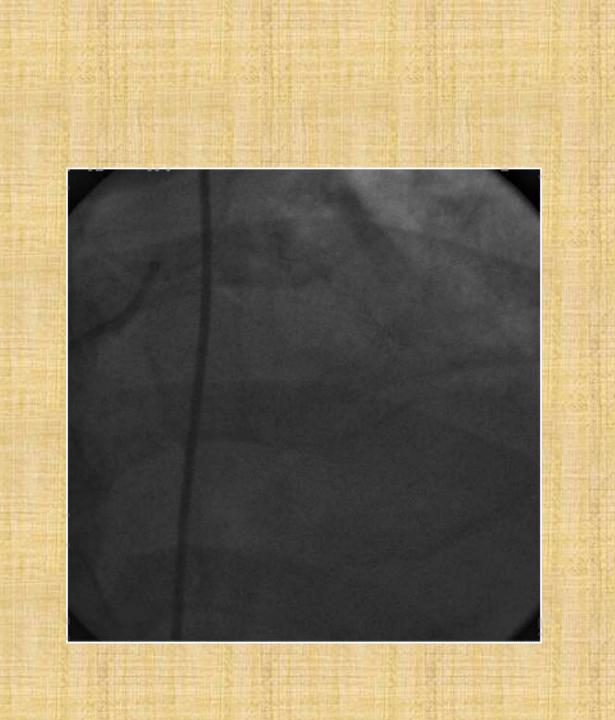
INVESTIGATIONS

Hb-12.1 gm% WBC-15,450 (P-76%;L-24%) Platelet-4.47x 105/cu.mm Blood Urea- 61 mg/dl S. Creatinine-2 mg/dl S. Na-127 meg/l; S. K-4.7 meg/l. Normal LFT,s

- ECG-low voltage complexes and Atrial Fibrillation with rapid
 Ventricular Rate
- 2D Echo revealed Moderate
 Pericardial effusion ,no e\o RA ,RV
 collapse ,Normal LV and RV systolic
 function, normal cardiac valves and
 no PAH

CORONARY ANGIOGRAM







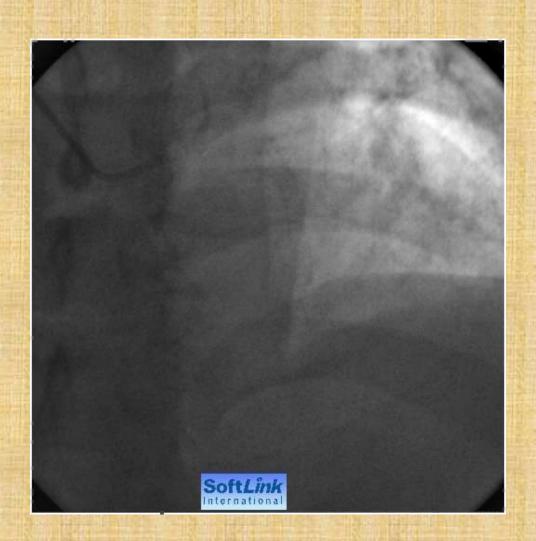


- Subsequently blood cultures grew Pseudomonas Aeruginosa
- Treated with antibiotics based on the Culture Sensitivity report-Piperacillin-Tazobactum, Amikacin
- 2 D Echo revealed a decrease in the size of pericardial effusion
- Fever subsided; patient afebrile after 7 days
- WBC counts and S. Creatinine returned to normal

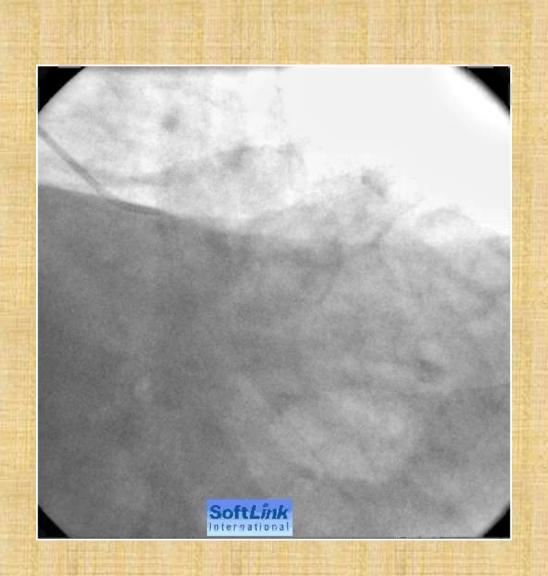
- Antibiotics continued
- Recurrence of fever after 7 days
- Broader spectrum coverage with antibiotics given-Inj Meropenem 1gm iv 8 hrly; Inj Vancomycin-1 gm iv 12 hrly
- Fever subsided after 4 days

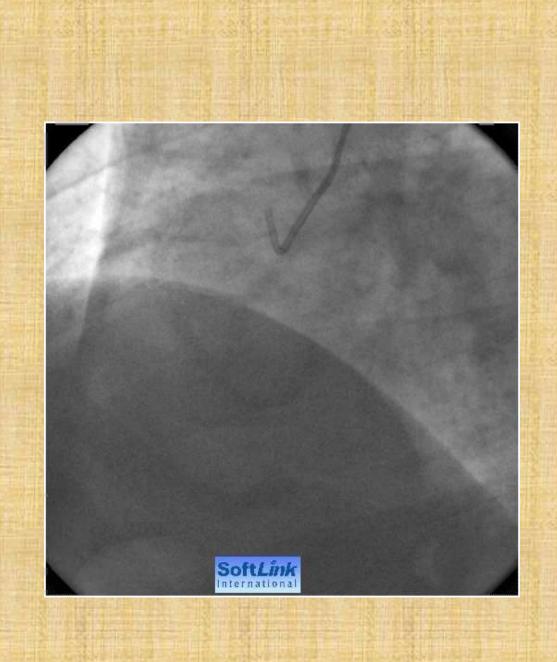
- Antibiotics continued
- · CAG 2 weeks later

REPEAT CAG











DEFINITIVE TREATMENT

- Surgery
- Pericardial adhesions
- Sero-sanguinous pericardial fluid
- Large Aneurysms identified in LAD;inflammed surrounding area
- LAD opened at the site of aneurysm;
 Was thick and calcific

- On opening aneurysm slough;putrefied,cheesy material
- Both Stents explanted
- Slough removed
- LAD ligated at this area
- LAD opened beyond the stent segment-clean lumen;no distal disease

- SVG to LAD end to side anastomoses done; Good distal flow achieved
- RCA-similar findings; Stent explanted and vessel ligated at that level
- RCA opened distal to aneurysmal segment –clean-no distal disease
- SVG to RCA anastomosis achieved
- SVG to Ramus anastomosis achieved

POST OPERATIVE

- Stent and tissue sent for culturesterile
- Fever till 7 days post procedure; none subsequently
- Antibiotics-4 weeks post CABG
- Stable-on discharge
- Uneventful clinical course since then

TAKE HOME MESSAGE

- In a patient coming with unexplained fever &/or pericardial effusion Post PCI, Stent Aneurysms should be considered as a possibility
- Timely detection and appropriate management crucial

