Perspectives on PFO Closure: Clinical Trials for Stroke Prevention and Migraines

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Disclosure

- National PI for the MIST trial-
 - No financial disclosure
- Consultant to Coaptus





The Dark side of the present clinical PFO-Stroke trials

- Presence of off label device use continues to plague enrollment.
- Physician/patient bias for "closure" remains an enormous obstacle....despite limited evidence
- Directing "high risk" anatomy towards closure may undermine the outcomes of the clinical trials.





And now the "good news" regarding the PFO stroke clinical trials-l

- <u>The New CLOSURE I (NMT): New N = 900</u>
- * Interim analysis suggests higher event rate than expected allowing;
- sample size reduction with the <u>NEW</u> N=900 (from 1600) maintaining
- * Superiority trial design.
- * Randomization remains 1 : 1
- * Based on June 07 DSMB review, 900 "will provide an answer".
- With over 700 enrolled to date, end of enrollment is in sight.





And now the "good news" regarding the stroke clinical trials-ll

- The RESPECT Trial (AGA)
 - Total randomization is 500 patients
 - Present enrollment is approximately 350
 - With significant increase over the last two years.

This trial should fully enroll







PFO Stroke Clinical trials must be completed

- Without the presence of completed prospective randomized clinical trials we will be limited in our ability:
 - Give accurate guidance to our patients
 - Insurance companies may no longer support closure of PFO's for stroke indication
 - Device iteration will be "stalled" due to limited opportunity for commercialization





Perspective on PFO closure for Migraine Relief

- Affects 28 million Americans, 75% of whom are female
- 17% of female, 5.7% of males experience at least one migraine per year
- 30-40% of migraineurs pain is preceded by aura, focal neurological deficits that involve the visual field.
- Effects persons between 25-55yrs old





Perspective on PFO closure for Migraine Relief

- Patients with prior stroke, TIA, and Hemiplegic migraine appear to respond well to PFO closure with reduction in headache burden
- It appears to be a "load" of right to left shunt that impacts outcome in Migraine patients
- Migraine with Aura responds more than those patients without Aura





- Patients with prior stroke, TIA, and Hemiplegic migraine are the basis for the retrospective data supporting PFO-Migraine connection (between 40-90%resolution or significant reduction in Migraine headaches
- It appears to be a "load" or burden of material that impacts outcome in Migraine patients
- Aura responds more than those patients without Aura





Recent Non-Randomized Studies of PFO Closure in Migraine

	Patients	Follow-up	Results
Reisman et al. JACC 2005;45:493-5	50, ± aura	37±23 weeks	56% resolution 14% ≥50% improvement
Azarbal et al. JACC 2005;45:489- 92	30, ± aura	3 months	63% resolution 80% improvement
Giardini et al. Am Heart J 2006; 151:922-6	35, all + aura 71% F 41±11 yr	1.7±1.3 yr	91% had resolution or significant improvement



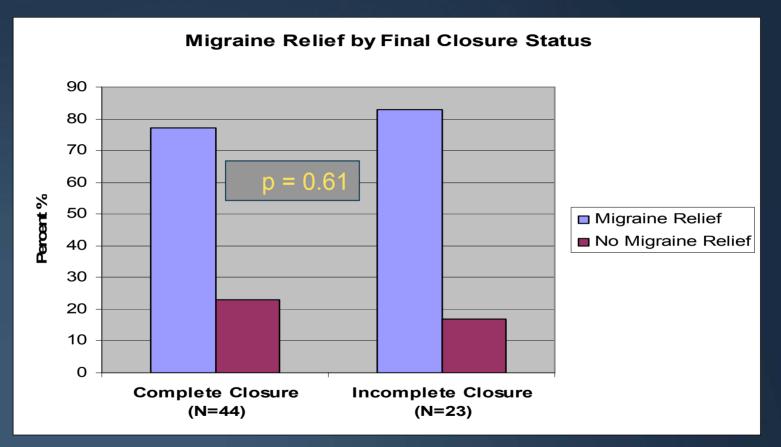
CARDIOVASCULAR RESEARCH

- Patients with prior stroke, TIA, and Hemiplegic migraine are the basis for the retrospective data supporting PFO-Migraine connection (between 40-60% resolution or significant reduction in Migraine headaches
- It appears to be a "load" or burden of material that impacts outcome in Migraine patients
- Aura responds more than those patients without Aura





Migraine relief occurs despite incomplete PFO closure



Complete closure = ≤30 ET following calibrated Valsalva/pm-TCD 12 months post closure

Migraine relief = \geq 50% reduction in migraine frequency 12 months post closure

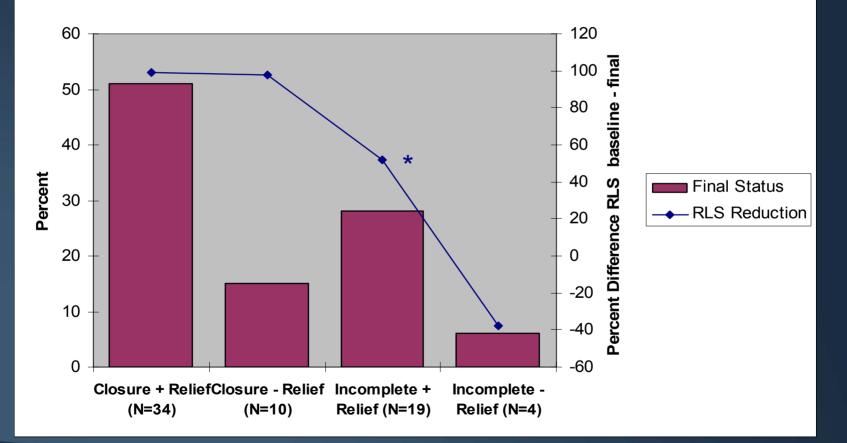
TCT2007

Jesurum, Fuller, Reisman et al. in press



Migraine Relief: Reducing Cerebral Load Below Threshold

Migraine Relief by Closure Status and RLS Reduction



P = 0.001 vs. closure + relief; p = 0.002 vs. closure - relief Jesurum, Fuller, *et al. JACC 2007, in review*

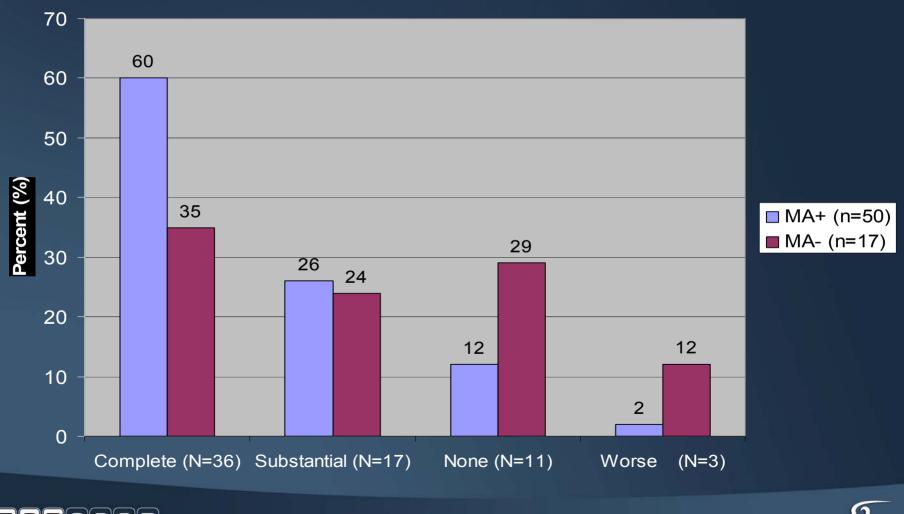


- Patients with prior stroke, TIA, and Hemiplegic migraine are the basis for the retrospective data supporting PFO-Migraine connection (between 40-60% resolution or significant reduction in Migraine headaches
- It appears to be a "load" or burden of material that impacts outcome in Migraine patients
- Aura patients may respond differently than those w/o Aura





Migraineurs with Aura are 4.6 Times More Likely to have Migraine Relief Post-PFO Closure than Migraineurs without Aura (p = 0.02)

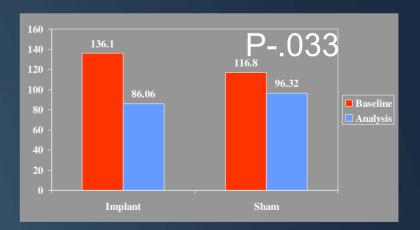


Jesurum, Fuller, et al, JACC 2007, in review

TRANSCATHETER CARDIOVASCULAR THERAPEUTIC

- That patients enrolled in the prospective MIST trial were "somehow" different then those in the retrospective trial (*NOT EXPLAINED BY PLACEBO EFFECT*), Primary endpoint was not achieved of complete resolution
- MIST secondary endpoint of 50% reduction in migraine days: Implant (I) (42%) vs. placebo (23%): as well as reduction in headache burden (frequency x duration) of 37%(I) vs. 17% placebo









White Matter abnormalities and Migraine

Humans- 55% of Brain is White Matter

- Data suggests increased incidence of White Matter abnormalities in Migraineurs
 - White Matter requires significant blood flow to meet its demands and is predominantly supplied by penetrating vessels.

Thus White Matter should incur 50% of the strokes

White Matter increase is associated with cognitive dysfunction, which is seen in Migraine patients

They are stable or they progress, they do not <u>regress</u>





The Present ongoing Migraine Trials

- Primary endpoints are looking at "reduction" in headache frequency
- Trials are including aura alone or aura/nonaura patients
- Must be refractory to medications with frequent headaches, ...but not to many
- Be willing to participate in a sham "arm".





Challenges of migraine studies

- Migraine type- aura, exertional, hemiplegic.....
- Are there markers that can help better define the population-
 - White matter abnormalities, triggers etc
- Need greater understanding and interpretation of the initial MIST trial
- New devices being tested at same time as new indication......



